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in the vein of his bestseller four arguments for the elimination of television nationally recognized social critic jerry mander researches discusses and exposes the momentous and unsolvable environmental and social problem of capitalism mander argues that capitalism is no longer a viable system what may have worked in 1900 is calamitous in 2010 capitalism utterly dependent on never ending economic growth is an impossible absurdity on a finite planet with limited resources climate change together with global food water and resource shortages are only the start mander draws attention to capitalism s obsessive need to dominate and undermine democracy as well as to diminish social and economic equity designed to operate free of morality the system promotes permanent war as a key economic strategy worst of all the problems of capitalism are intrinsic to the form many organizations are already anticipating the breakdown of the system and are working to define new hierarchies of democratic values that respect the carrying capacities of the planet this volume consists of lectures and articles by maurice dobb selected from among those delivered or written by him during the 1950s and 60s it includes three lectures delivered at the university of bologna on some problems in the history of capitalism two lectures on economic development given at the delhi school of economics articles on the theory of development and a number of articles on various questions of soviet economic planning contributed to specialist journals the collection ends with a note in retrospect on marx s das kapital published in recognition of the centenary of the appearance of volume one of that work in 1867 this volume collects published papers and essays from widely scattered and inaccessible sources some of which appeared for the first time when this book was originally published in the first part of the book the subjects range from the theory of wages and recent trends in economic theory to economists criticism of capitalism and socialism investment policy in under developed countries and economic growth under the soviet five year plans the second part includes papers on lenin and marx a study of the economic ideas of bernard shaw and an essay on historical materialism the work of costas lapavitsas on money and finance develops marxist monetary theory offering fresh insight into contemporary capitalism it is fully conversant with the history of political economy mainstream economic theory and the empirical reality of financialisation our planet is gripped by twin crises of the most fundamental nature social mass poverty austerity militarism etc and environmental in this document the democratic socialist party argues that they spring from the same cause the capitalist system which places the ruthless pursuit of profit by the few before the needs of the vast majority of humanity

environment capitalism and socialism provides a comprehensive overview of the environmental crisis the various explanations advanced for it and the responses to it the document argues strongly for the need to build a mass popular movement to fight corporate planet wreckers and create a socialist order in which human beings will be in harmony with their environment included here as an appendix is editor dick nichols thorough critique of so called green taxation often put forward as the answer to the crisis provided by publisher the essays comprising this collection analyze the deep flaws in the methodological foundation of mainstream economic theory and explain how these flaws make mainstream economics more ideology than sound social science james crotty develops alternative theories built on realistic assumptions that can explain most of the disastrous economic and financial developments of the past four decades his work contributes to the collective creation of a solid theoretical foundation on which to build an understanding of the laws of motion of capitalism in the post wwii era monograph comprising 13 conference papers on economic recession and capitalism in western europe deals with economic development since 1945 government policy industrial policy labour policy inflation macroeconomics youth unemployment migrant workers etc references and statistical tables conference held in brighton 1977 jan 5 to 7 maurice dobb was the foremost marxian economist of his generation in britain he was noted for his contributions to value theory the theory of economic planning and the analysis of soviet economic development this set will re issue 7 of his most important works this second volume of marcuse s collected papers includes unpublished manuscripts from the late 1960s and early 1970s such as beyond one dimensional man cultural revolution and the historical fate of bourgeois democracy as well as a rich collection of letters it shows marcuse at his most radical focusing on his critical theory of contemporary society his analyses of technology capitalism the fate of the individual and prospects for social change in contemporary society this book presents a new theory of market and capitalism detailing its key moments and general logic it is based on the distinction between two market types the simple commodity market and the capitalist one in contrast to what is usually uncritically accepted disequilibrium and imperfect competition are admitted here to be a functional norm of the capitalist market the book also shows that equilibrium and perfect competition are admitted to be a functional anomaly with crises considered as the result of such an anomaly it details the general principles and concrete measures of crisis proof policies and behavior this collection assembles some of herbert marcuse s most important work and presents for the first time his responses to and development of classic marxist approaches to revolution and utopia as well as his own theoretical and political perspectives this sixth and final volume of marcuse s collected papers shows marcuse s rejection of the prevailing twentieth century marxist theory and socialist practice which he saw as inadequate for a thorough critique of western and

soviet bureaucracy and the development of his revolutionary thought towards a critique of the consumer society marcuse s later philosophical perspectives on technology ecology and human emancipation sat at odds with many of the classic tenets of marx s materialist dialectic which placed the working class as the central agent of change in capitalist societies as the material from this volume shows marcuse was not only a theorist of marxist thought and practice in the twentieth century but also proves to be an essential thinker for understanding the neoliberal phase of capitalism and resistance in the twenty first century a comprehensive introduction by douglas kellner and clayton pierce places marcuse s philosophy in the context of his engagement with the main currents of twentieth century philosophy while also providing important analyses of his anticipatory theorization of capitalist development through a neoliberal restructuring of society the volume concludes with an afterword by peter marcuse milton friedman on economics selected papers collects a variety of friedman's papers on topics in economics that were originally published in the journal of political economy opening with friedman s 1977 nobel lecture the volume spans nearly the whole of his career incorporating papers from as early as 1948 and as late as 1990 on his death in the autumn of 2006 milton friedman was lauded as the grandmaster of free market economic theory in the postwar era by the new york times and the most influential economist of the second half of the 20th century by the economist winner of the nobel prize in economics in 1976 friedman was both a highly respected economist and a prominent public intellectual the leader of a revolution in economic and political thought that argued robustly in favor of virtues of free markets and laissez faire policies milton friedman on economics selected papers collects a variety of friedman s papers on topics in economics that were originally published in the journal of political economy opening with friedman s 1977 nobel lecture the volume spans nearly the whole of his career incorporating papers from as early as 1948 and as late as 1990 an excellent introduction to friedman s economic thought milton friedman will be essential for anyone tracing the course of twentieth century economics and politics just as today s observers struggle to justify the workings of the free market in the wake of a global economic crisis an earlier generation of economists revisited their worldviews following the great depression the great persuasionis an intellectual history of that project angus burgin traces the evolution of postwar economic thought in order to reconsider many of the most basic assumptions of our market centered world conservatives often point to friedrich hayek as the most influential defender of the free market by examining the work of such organizations as the mont pèlerin society an international association founded by havek in 1947 and later led by milton friedman burgin reveals that havek and his colleagues were deeply conflicted about many of the enduring problems of capitalism far from adopting an uncompromising stance against the interventionist state they developed a social philosophy

that admitted significant constraints on the market postwar conservative thought was more dynamic and cosmopolitan than has previously been understood it was only in the 1960s and 70s that friedman and his contemporaries developed a more strident defense of the unfettered market their arguments provided a rhetorical foundation for the resurgent conservatism of barry goldwater and ronald reagan and inspired much of the political and economic agenda of the united states in the ensuing decades burgin s brilliant inquiry uncovers both the origins of the contemporary enthusiasm for the free market and the moral quandaries it has left behind first published in 2017 this work begins with three essays on policy issues the case for a middle way between command economies and free market economies the broad principles of fiscal policy for australia in the 1990s and an integrated set of modest proposals to get the world economy on the path to prosperity all approaches used in these essays are associated with the broad church of post keynesianism and the belief that economics should produce a more just and equitable society later essays analyze theoretical topics in an historical context the remaining papers are a selection of intellectual biographies and general esays which range from the author's views on the relationship between mathematics and economics to what adam smith really said from the late 1970s a revolution in indian language newspapers driven by a marriage of capitalism and technology has carried the experience of print to millions of new readers in small town and rural india what is the secret of prosperity why are the rich rich and the poor poor the answer lies in the structure of financial markets and the willingness to allow the capitalist system to let creative destruction work its wealth creating wonders the book is based upon a call for papers and a conference to mark the 100th anniversary of rosa luxemburg s principal work the accumulation of capital a contribution to an economic explanation of imperialism published in 1913 eleven contributors from five different countries come together to discuss different issues and dimensions connected with luxemburg s work and focus on its continuing relevancy this collection investigates topics such as the influences of karl marx and maxim kovalevsky the imperialism debate in german social democracy and the critical reception of luxemburg s work from marxist and feminist viewpoints by positioning luxemburg s work in a historical context this book offers an accessible and timely insight into the significance of the accumulation of capital and more importantly demonstrates why luxemburg s legacy should live on papers presented at a conference sponsored by the liberty fund held in freiburg germany in feb 1981 includes bibliographical references and index the rise of corporate capitalism during the late 19th and early 20th centuries has long been a source of lively debate among historians in origins of the federal reserve system james livingston approaches this controversial topic from a fresh perspective asking how during this era a new order of corporation men made itself the preeminent source of knowledge on all significant economic issues and thereby changed the character of

public and political discourse in the united states the book seeks to uncover the roots of the federal reserve system and to explain the awakening and articulation of class consciousness among america s urban elite two phenomena that its author sees as inseparable according to livingston the movement for banking and monetary reform that led to the creation of the federal reserve system played an important role in the general transition from entrepreneurial to corporate capitalism it was during this struggle for reform that a group of business leaders first emerged as a new corporate social class this interdisciplinary account of the social cultural and intellectual origins of the federal reserve system offers both a discussion of the sources of modern public policy and a persuasive study of upper class formation in the united states the book will interest a wide audience of historians economists political scientists sociologists and others who wish to understand the rise of america's corporate elite the class that has played a large if not dominant role in 20thcentury america joseph schumpeter oscillated in his view about the type of economic system that was most conducive to growth in his 1911 treatise schumpeter argued that a more decentralized and turbulent industry structure where the process of creative destruction was triggered by vigorous entrepreneurial activity was the engine of economic growth but by 1942 schumpeter had modified his theory arguing instead that a more centralized and stable industry structure was more conducive to growth according to schum peter 1942 p 132 under the managed economy there was little room for entrepreneurship because innovation itself is being reduced to routine technological progress is increasingly becoming the business of teams of trained specialists who turn out what is required to make it work in pre dictable ways p 132 schumpeter 1942 reversed his earlier view by arguing that the integration of knowledge creation and appropriation be stowed an inherent innovative advantage upon giant corporations since capitalist enterprise by its very achievements tends to automize progress we conclude that it tends to make itself superfluous to break to pieces under the pressure of its own success in contrast to the conventional wisdom of the political economy of modern egypt this study contends that the egyptian capitalist class is not a parasitic class and challenges the view that the egyptian state is merely a tool in the hands of the bourgeoisie notes and journal entries document quattari and deleuze s collaboration on their 1972 book anti oedipus the unconscious is not a theatre but a factory wrote gilles deleuze and félix guattari in anti oedipus 1972 instigating one of the most daring intellectual adventures of the last half century together the well known philosopher and the activist psychiatrist were updating both psychoanalysis and marxism in light of a more radical and constructivist vision of capitalism capitalism is the exterior limit of all societies because it has no exterior limit itself it works well as long as it keeps breaking down few people at the time believed as they wrote in the often quoted opening sentence of rhizome that the two of us wrote anti oedipus together they added since each of us was several that

cambridge national sport studies

became quite a crowd these notes addressed to deleuze by guattari in preparation for anti oedipus and annotated by deleuze substantiate their claim finally bringing out the factory behind the theatre they reveal guattari as an inventive highly analytical mathematically minded conceptor arguably one of the most prolific and enigmatic figures in philosophy and sociopolitical theory today the anti oedipus papers 1969 1973 are supplemented by substantial journal entries in which guattari describes his turbulent relationship with his analyst and teacher jacques lacan his apprehensions about the publication of anti oedipus and accounts of his personal and professional life as a private analyst and codirector with jean oury of the experimental clinic laborde created in the 1950s papers in economics and sociology is a compilation of materials authored by the polish economist oskar lange the coverage of the essays covers the interrelations between economic and social issues the text first covers the marxist and socialist theory and then proceeds to tackling political economy and socialism next the selection deals with economic theory along with the mathematical models econometrics and statistics utilized in economic analysis the text also covers the economic science in the service of practice the book will be of great use to political scientists sociologists

The Capitalism Papers

2013-05-01

in the vein of his bestseller four arguments for the elimination of television nationally recognized social critic jerry mander researches discusses and exposes the momentous and unsolvable environmental and social problem of capitalism mander argues that capitalism is no longer a viable system what may have worked in 1900 is calamitous in 2010 capitalism utterly dependent on never ending economic growth is an impossible absurdity on a finite planet with limited resources climate change together with global food water and resource shortages are only the start mander draws attention to capitalism s obsessive need to dominate and undermine democracy as well as to diminish social and economic equity designed to operate free of morality the system promotes permanent war as a key economic strategy worst of all the problems of capitalism are intrinsic to the form many organizations are already anticipating the breakdown of the system and are working to define new hierarchies of democratic values that respect the carrying capacities of the planet

Papers on Capitalism, Development and Planning

2012-03-22

this volume consists of lectures and articles by maurice dobb selected from among those delivered or written by him during the 1950s and 60s it includes three lectures delivered at the university of bologna on some problems in the history of capitalism two lectures on economic development given at the delhi school of economics articles on the theory of development and a number of articles on various questions of soviet economic planning contributed to specialist journals the collection ends with a note in retrospect on marx s das kapital published in recognition of the centenary of the appearance of volume one of that work in 1867

Papers on Capitalism, Development and Planning

1970

this volume collects published papers and essays from widely scattered and inaccessible sources some of which appeared for the first time when this book was originally published in the first part of the book the subjects range from the theory of wages and recent trends in economic theory to economists criticism of capitalism and socialism investment policy in under developed countries and economic growth under the soviet five year plans the second part includes papers on lenin and marx a study of the economic ideas of bernard shaw and an essay on historical materialism

Papers on Capitalism, Development and Planning

1967

the work of costas lapavitsas on money and finance develops marxist monetary theory offering fresh insight into contemporary capitalism it is fully conversant with the history of political economy mainstream economic theory and the empirical reality of financialisation

On Economic Theory & Socialism

2012-03-22

our planet is gripped by twin crises of the most fundamental nature social mass poverty austerity militarism etc and environmental in this document the democratic socialist party argues that they spring from the same cause the capitalist system which places the ruthless pursuit of profit by the few before the needs of the vast majority of humanity environment capitalism and socialism provides a comprehensive overview of the environmental crisis the various explanations advanced for it and the responses to it the document argues strongly for the need to build a mass popular movement to fight

corporate planet wreckers and create a socialist order in which human beings will be in harmony with their environment included here as an appendix is editor dick nichols thorough critique of so called green taxation often put forward as the answer to the crisis provided by publisher

Marxist Monetary Theory

2016-11-21

the essays comprising this collection analyze the deep flaws in the methodological foundation of mainstream economic theory and explain how these flaws make mainstream economics more ideology than sound social science james crotty develops alternative theories built on realistic assumptions that can explain most of the disastrous economic and financial developments of the past four decades his work contributes to the collective creation of a solid theoretical foundation on which to build an understanding of the laws of motion of capitalism in the post wwii era

Environment, Capitalism & Socialism

1999

monograph comprising 13 conference papers on economic recession and capitalism in western europe deals with economic development since 1945 government policy industrial policy labour policy inflation macroeconomics youth unemployment migrant workers etc references and statistical tables conference held in brighton 1977 jan 5 to 7

Capitalism, Macroeconomics and Reality

2017

maurice dobb was the foremost marxian economist of his generation in britain he was noted for his contributions to value

theory the theory of economic planning and the analysis of soviet economic development this set will re issue 7 of his most important works

Government, Business and Labour in European Capitalism

1977

this second volume of marcuse s collected papers includes unpublished manuscripts from the late 1960s and early 1970s such as beyond one dimensional man cultural revolution and the historical fate of bourgeois democracy as well as a rich collection of letters it shows marcuse at his most radical focusing on his critical theory of contemporary society his analyses of technology capitalism the fate of the individual and prospects for social change in contemporary society

Europe and the Rise of Capitalism

1988

this book presents a new theory of market and capitalism detailing its key moments and general logic it is based on the distinction between two market types the simple commodity market and the capitalist one in contrast to what is usually uncritically accepted disequilibrium and imperfect competition are admitted here to be a functional norm of the capitalist market the book also shows that equilibrium and perfect competition are admitted to be a functional anomaly with crises considered as the result of such an anomaly it details the general principles and concrete measures of crisis proof policies and behavior

On Economic Theory and Socialism

this collection assembles some of herbert marcuse s most important work and presents for the first time his responses to and development of classic marxist approaches to revolution and utopia as well as his own theoretical and political perspectives this sixth and final volume of marcuse s collected papers shows marcuse s rejection of the prevailing twentieth century marxist theory and socialist practice which he saw as inadequate for a thorough critique of western and soviet bureaucracy and the development of his revolutionary thought towards a critique of the consumer society marcuse s later philosophical perspectives on technology ecology and human emancipation sat at odds with many of the classic tenets of marx s materialist dialectic which placed the working class as the central agent of change in capitalist societies as the material from this volume shows marcuse was not only a theorist of marxist thought and practice in the twentieth century but also proves to be an essential thinker for understanding the neoliberal phase of capitalism and resistance in the twenty first century a comprehensive introduction by douglas kellner and clayton pierce places marcuse s philosophy in the context of his engagement with the main currents of twentieth century philosophy while also providing important analyses of his anticipatory theorization of capitalist development through a neoliberal restructuring of society the volume concludes with an afterword by peter marcuse

Towards a Critical Theory of Society

2013-04-08

milton friedman on economics selected papers collects a variety of friedman s papers on topics in economics that were originally published in the journal of political economy opening with friedman s 1977 nobel lecture the volume spans nearly the whole of his career incorporating papers from as early as 1948 and as late as 1990

A New Theory of Market and Capitalism

2021-11-12

on his death in the autumn of 2006 milton friedman was lauded as the grandmaster of free market economic theory in the

postwar era by the new york times and the most influential economist of the second half of the 20th century by the economist winner of the nobel prize in economics in 1976 friedman was both a highly respected economist and a prominent public intellectual the leader of a revolution in economic and political thought that argued robustly in favor of virtues of free markets and laissez faire policies milton friedman on economics selected papers collects a variety of friedman s papers on topics in economics that were originally published in the journal of political economy opening with friedman s 1977 nobel lecture the volume spans nearly the whole of his career incorporating papers from as early as 1948 and as late as 1990 an excellent introduction to friedman s economic thought milton friedman will be essential for anyone tracing the course of twentieth century economics and politics

Towards a Just Economy

1991

just as today s observers struggle to justify the workings of the free market in the wake of a global economic crisis an earlier generation of economists revisited their worldviews following the great depression the great persuasionis an intellectual history of that project angus burgin traces the evolution of postwar economic thought in order to reconsider many of the most basic assumptions of our market centered world conservatives often point to friedrich hayek as the most influential defender of the free market by examining the work of such organizations as the mont pèlerin society an international association founded by hayek in 1947 and later led by milton friedman burgin reveals that hayek and his colleagues were deeply conflicted about many of the enduring problems of capitalism far from adopting an uncompromising stance against the interventionist state they developed a social philosophy that admitted significant constraints on the market postwar conservative thought was more dynamic and cosmopolitan than has previously been understood it was only in the 1960s and 70s that friedman and his contemporaries developed a more strident defense of the unfettered market their arguments provided a rhetorical foundation for the resurgent conservatism of barry goldwater and ronald reagan and inspired much of the political and economic agenda of the united states in the ensuing decades burgin s brilliant inquiry uncovers both the origins of the contemporary enthusiasm for the free market and the moral quandaries it has left behind

The Prime Mover of Progress

1980

first published in 2017

Marxism, Revolution and Utopia

2014-03-26

this work begins with three essays on policy issues the case for a middle way between command economies and free market economies the broad principles of fiscal policy for australia in the 1990s and an integrated set of modest proposals to get the world economy on the path to prosperity all approaches used in these essays are associated with the broad church of post keynesianism and the belief that economics should produce a more just and equitable society later essays analyze theoretical topics in an historical context the remaining papers are a selection of intellectual biographies and general esays which range from the author s views on the relationship between mathematics and economics to what adam smith really said

The Attack, and Other Papers

1953

from the late 1970s a revolution in indian language newspapers driven by a marriage of capitalism and technology has carried the experience of print to millions of new readers in small town and rural india

Capitalism

1964*

what is the secret of prosperity why are the rich rich and the poor poor the answer lies in the structure of financial markets and the willingness to allow the capitalist system to let creative destruction work its wealth creating wonders

Government, Business and Labour in European Capitalism

1977

the book is based upon a call for papers and a conference to mark the 100th anniversary of rosa luxemburg s principal work the accumulation of capital a contribution to an economic explanation of imperialism published in 1913 eleven contributors from five different countries come together to discuss different issues and dimensions connected with luxemburg s work and focus on its continuing relevancy this collection investigates topics such as the influences of karl marx and maxim kovalevsky the imperialism debate in german social democracy and the critical reception of luxemburg s work from marxist and feminist viewpoints by positioning luxemburg s work in a historical context this book offers an accessible and timely insight into the significance of the accumulation of capital and more importantly demonstrates why luxemburg s legacy should live on

Milton Friedman on Economics

2007

papers presented at a conference sponsored by the liberty fund held in freiburg germany in feb 1981 includes bibliographical references and index

Milton Friedman on Economics

2010-11-15

the rise of corporate capitalism during the late 19th and early 20th centuries has long been a source of lively debate among historians in origins of the federal reserve system james livingston approaches this controversial topic from a fresh perspective asking how during this era a new order of corporation men made itself the preeminent source of knowledge on all significant economic issues and thereby changed the character of public and political discourse in the united states the book seeks to uncover the roots of the federal reserve system and to explain the awakening and articulation of class consciousness among america s urban elite two phenomena that its author sees as inseparable according to livingston the movement for banking and monetary reform that led to the creation of the federal reserve system played an important role in the general transition from entrepreneurial to corporate capitalism it was during this struggle for reform that a group of business leaders first emerged as a new corporate social class this interdisciplinary account of the social cultural and intellectual origins of the federal reserve system offers both a discussion of the sources of modern public policy and a persuasive study of upper class formation in the united states the book will interest a wide audience of historians economists political scientists sociologists and others who wish to understand the rise of america's corporate elite the class that has played a large if not dominant role in 20thcentury america

The Great Persuasion

2012-10-30

joseph schumpeter oscillated in his view about the type of economic system that was most conducive to growth in his 1911 treatise schumpeter argued that a more decentralized and turbulent industry structure where the pro cess of creative destruction was triggered by vigorous entrepreneurial activity was the engine of economic growth but by 1942 schumpeter had modified his theory arguing instead that a more centralized and stable industry structure was more conducive to growth according to schum peter 1942 p 132 under the managed economy there was little room for entrepreneurship because

innovation itself is being reduced to routine technological progress is increasingly becoming the business of teams of trained specialists who turn out what is required to make it work in pre dictable ways p 132 schumpeter 1942 reversed his earlier view by arguing that the integration of knowledge creation and appropriation be stowed an inherent innovative advantage upon giant corporations since capitalist enterprise by its very achievements tends to automize progress we conclude that it tends to make itself superfluous to break to pieces under the pressure of its own success

Race, Radicalism, and Reform

2017-09-08

in contrast to the conventional wisdom of the political economy of modern egypt this study contends that the egyptian capitalist class is not a parasitic class and challenges the view that the egyptian state is merely a tool in the hands of the bourgeoisie

Capitalism, Socialism, and Post-Keynesianism

1995

notes and journal entries document guattari and deleuze s collaboration on their 1972 book anti oedipus the unconscious is not a theatre but a factory wrote gilles deleuze and félix guattari in anti oedipus 1972 instigating one of the most daring intellectual adventures of the last half century together the well known philosopher and the activist psychiatrist were updating both psychoanalysis and marxism in light of a more radical and constructivist vision of capitalism capitalism is the exterior limit of all societies because it has no exterior limit itself it works well as long as it keeps breaking down few people at the time believed as they wrote in the often quoted opening sentence of rhizome that the two of us wrote anti oedipus together they added since each of us was several that became quite a crowd these notes addressed to deleuze by guattari in preparation for anti oedipus and annotated by deleuze substantiate their claim finally bringing out the factory behind the theatre they reveal guattari as an inventive highly analytical mathematically minded conceptor arguably one of the most

prolific and enigmatic figures in philosophy and sociopolitical theory today the anti oedipus papers 1969 1973 are supplemented by substantial journal entries in which guattari describes his turbulent relationship with his analyst and teacher jacques lacan his apprehensions about the publication of anti oedipus and accounts of his personal and professional life as a private analyst and codirector with jean oury of the experimental clinic laborde created in the 1950s

India's Newspaper Revolution

2000

papers in economics and sociology is a compilation of materials authored by the polish economist oskar lange the coverage of the essays covers the interrelations between economic and social issues the text first covers the marxist and socialist theory and then proceeds to tackling political economy and socialism next the selection deals with economic theory along with the mathematical models econometrics and statistics utilized in economic analysis the text also covers the economic science in the service of practice the book will be of great use to political scientists sociologists

Saving Capitalism from the Capitalists

2003

Rosa Luxemburg: A Permanent Challenge for Political Economy

2016-08-30

Philosophical and Economic Foundations of Capitalism

1983

Government, Business and Labour in European Capitalism

1977

Origins of the Federal Reserve System

2018-08-06

Capitalism, Development and Planning

1967-01-01

The United States in Crisis

Capitalism and Democracy in the 21st Century

2010-10-19

Capitalism in Crisis

2010

The Stages in the Social History of Capitalism

1953

State and Industrial Capitalism in Egypt

1999

The Revival of American Socialism

World Capitalist Crisis and Revolutionary Perspectives

1982

The Anti-Oedipus Papers

2006-03-03

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