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genes for different traits can segregate independently during the formation of gametes mendel s principles of heredity observed through patterns of inheritance form the basis of modern genetics basic genetics information cells are the body s building blocks many different types of cells have different functions they make up all of your body s organs and tissues nearly every cell in a person's body has the same deoxyribonucleic acid or dna section 11 4 meiosis pages 275 278 this section explains how gametes form in the process of meiosis it also explains how meiosis is different from mitosis introduction page 275 1 list the two things that mendel s principles of genetics required in order to be true a chapter 11 section review answer key 1 mendel s principle of dominance states that some alleles are dominant and others are recessive 2 a trait controlled by a dominant allele will be one dominant allele and one recessive allele 3 only when two recessive alleles are present genetics deals with the molecular structure and function of genes and gene behavior in context of a cell or organism e g dominance and epigenetics patterns of inheritance from parent to offspring and gene distribution variation and change in populations genetics is the scientific study of genes and heredity of how certain qualities or traits are passed from parents to offspring as a result of changes in dna sequence a gene is a segment of dna that contains instructions for building one or more molecules that help the body work

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