

Reading free Planning and budgeting in poor countries (Download Only)

Imagining "the Social" Rich and Poor Countries Targeted Transfers in Poor Countries Impact of Rich Countries' Policies on Poor Countries Economic Realities in Poor Countries The Economics of Poverty in Poor Countries Educating Children in Poor Countries Globalization and Poverty Unequal Childhoods Poor countries or poor people? : development assistance and the new geography of global poverty Growth and Poverty in Developing Countries Rich and Poor Countries Development Today Myths and Realities of Foreign Investment in Poor Countries Rural Poverty in Developing Countries Poor People's Knowledge Social Policy in Developing Countries Housing the Urban Poor Arguing for the Poor Equity and Growth in Developing Countries Public Health in Developing Countries Well-being Reclaiming Value in International Development Industrial Policy in Developing Countries Methods For Social Analysis In Developing Countries Rural Poverty in Developing Countries Rural Poverty, Migration, and the Environment in Developing Countries Tourism and Poverty Reduction □□□□□□□□□□ Gender and Migration in Developing Countries The Macroeconomics of Developing Countries The Political Economy of HIV/AIDS in Developing Countries Foreign Direct Investment as a Tool for Poverty Reduction in Developing Countries Poverty, Inequality and Growth in Developing Countries Humanity Divided Redistribution with Growth The Gap Between Rich and Poor Nations Why Doesn't Capital Flow from Rich to Poor Countries? Population and Health in Developing Countries Corporate Citizenship in Developing Countries

Imagining "the Social"

2004

two tradeoffs have been widely seen to severely constrain the scope for attacking poverty using redistributive transfers in poor countries an equity efficiency tradeoff and an insurance efficiency tradeoff ravallion provides a critical overview of recent theoretical and empirical work that has called into question the extent of these tradeoffs in poor countries he argues that these aggregate tradeoffs are often exaggerated indeed they may not even be binding constraints in practice given market failures there appears to be scope for using carefully designed transfer schemes as an effective tool against both transient and chronic poverty however the same factors that weaken the tradeoffs also suggest that efficient redistributive policies might look rather different to the programs often found in practice this paper a product of the poverty team development research group is part of a larger effort in the group to better understand the tradeoffs faced in development policymaking

Rich and Poor Countries

1977

all united nations heads of state have endorsed the millennium development goals which aim to reduce the incidence of absolute poverty by half by 2015 to reach those goals growth in developing countries will have to be twice the levels achieved in the 1990s for the next fifteen years this will require at the least new rules of the development game at present rich countries exercise control over the institutions that oversee the global economy this volume addresses a curiously neglected area of policy analysis the impact of rich countries policies on the global poor four fifths of the world s people subsist on one fifth of the world s income one fifth live in abject poverty on less than one dollar a day the main responsibility for reducing poverty reduction naturally rests with developing countries but globalization means that rich countries must also play their part industrialized countries dominate global environmental management through the heavy ecological footprint of their production and consumption patterns adjustments of their policies by rich countries may be as critical as government reforms in poor countries past research has concentrated on policy adjustments that need to be made within poor countries to aid effectiveness and trade reform relatively little is known about the economic consequences of migration control of intellectual property and environmental regulations even less research has been done on the interaction and combined impact of the full spectrum of rich countries policies on the economy society and ecology in poor countries these knowledge gaps inhibit rational debate let alone evidence based policymaking that may lead towards sustainable and equitable growth at current levels aid alone cannot deliver adequate progress towards the millennium development goals the surveys by eminent development analysts and practitioners included in this volume sketch a road map for a better understanding of the provided by publisher

Targeted Transfers in Poor Countries

2003

in an ideal world primary education would be universal and publicly financed and all children would be able to attend school regardless of their parents ability or willingness to pay in many poor countries however governments lack either the financial resources or the political will to provide each child with a basic education despite the benefits that would accrue not only to individuals but to society as a whole in some of these countries parents cover part or all of the cost of their children s education this paper explores the pros and cons of user payments

Impact of Rich Countries' Policies on Poor Countries

2017

over the past two decades the percentage of the world s population living on less than a dollar a day has been cut in half how much of that improvement is because of or in spite of globalization while anti globalization activists mount loud critiques and the media report breathlessly on globalization s perils and promises economists have largely remained silent in part because of an entrenched institutional divide between those who study poverty and those who study trade and finance globalization and poverty bridges that gap bringing together experts on both international trade and poverty to provide a detailed view of the effects of globalization on the poor in developing nations answering such questions as do lower import tariffs improve the lives of the poor has increased financial integration led to more or less poverty how have the poor fared during various currency crises does food aid hurt or help the poor poverty the contributors show here has been used as a popular and convenient catchphrase by parties on both sides of the globalization debate to further their respective arguments globalization and poverty provides the more nuanced understanding necessary to move that debate beyond the slogans

Economic Realities in Poor Countries

1972

while problems of childhood poverty are most widespread in developing countries formidable inequalities exist in more prosperous countries a major aim of the book is to address the question of unequal childhoodsand the ways in which they are

The Economics of Poverty in Poor Countries

1998

compilation of papers examining the role of usa in the economic development of developing countries includes papers on usa foreign policy development aid obstacles to development incl

population growth environmental stress unemployment etc trade relations investment multinational enterprise political aspects of foreign aid as seen from the american government s viewpoint etc bibliography pp 275 to 279 and references

Educating Children in Poor Countries

2004-08-10

this book systematically explores the effects upon underdeveloped countries of direct foreign investments made by multinational corporations the author pays particular attention to themes prevalent in the international political economy literature that depict foreign investment as alternately aiding or hindering economic development in the third world in constructing his analysis rothgeb treats the relationship between the multinational corporation and the underdeveloped host state as a political relationship demonstrating that the results of foreign investment depend in large part upon the differing strengths of the actors in the relationship and how they use the advantages derived from their power following an introductory chapter which reviews the current status of research on the subject rothgeb turns to a consideration of how foreign investments affect host state foreign policy he then addresses the domestic political and social effects of foreign investment and identifies four basic conceptions of the role played by foreign investment finally rothgeb focuses on economic growth analyzing the ways in which multinational firms affect growth via their effects on capital availability the degree to which the government plays a leading role in managing society and changes in the composition of the local labor force the author s conclusions regarding the political effects of foreign investment should be required reading for students of economic development and international relations as well as for policymakers and executives of multinational firms

Globalization and Poverty

2007-11-01

reviews causes of poverty in rural areas and presents a policy framework for reducing rural poverty including through land reform public works programs access to credit physical and social infrastructure subsidies and transfer of technology identifies key elements for drafting a policy to reduce rural poverty

Unequal Childhoods

2005-03-11

how can we help poor people earn more from their knowledge rather than from their sweat and muscle alone this book is about increasing the earnings of poor people in poor countries from their innovation knowledge and creative skills case studies look at the african music industry traditional crafts and ways to prevent counterfeit crafts designs the activities of fair trade

organizations biopiracy and the commercialization of ethnobotanical knowledge the use of intellectual property laws and other tools to protect traditional knowledge the contributors motivation is sometimes to maintain the art and culture of poor people but they recognize that except in a museum setting no traditional skill can live on unless it has a viable market culture and commerce more often complement than conflict in the cases reviewed here the book calls attention to the unwritten half of the world trade organization s agreement on the trade related aspects of intellectual property trips trips is about knowledge that industrial countries own and which poor people buy this book is about knowledge that poor people in poor countries generate and have to sell it will be of interest to students and scholars of international trade and law and to anyone with an interest in ways developing countries can find markets for cultural intellectual and traditional knowledge

Poor countries or poor people? : development assistance and the new geography of global poverty

2011

this reissue first published in 1969 is a study of contemporary social policy in developing countries which places the emphasis upon the human needs and requirements for social change which confront any people and any government wherever their political and international affiliations lie whatever their economic and social convictions may be

Growth and Poverty in Developing Countries

1979

it examines the range of strategies including the most recent experiments in local community private sector partnership that have been used to try and improve housing conditions for the very poor and why they have so often failed it also reviews the state of existing policy oriented research with a view to understanding the possible future of these settlements

Rich and Poor Countries

1972

public health entails the use of models technologies experience and evidence derived through consumer participation translational research and population sciences to protect and improve the health of the population enhancing public health is of significant importance to the development of a nation particularly for developing countries where the health care system is underdeveloped fragile or vulnerable this book examines progress and challenges with regards to public health in developing countries in two parts part 1 general and crosscutting issues in public health and case studies and part 2 country specific issues in public health for example assuring equity for marginalized indigenous groups and other key populations entails the

application of transdisciplinary interventions including legislation advocacy financing empowerment and de stigmatization the diverse structural political economic technological geographical and social landscape of developing countries translates to unique public health challenges infrastructure and implementation trajectories in addressing issues such as vector borne diseases and intimate partner violence this volume will be of interest to researchers health ministry policy makers public health professionals and non governmental organizations whose work entails collaborations with public health systems of developing nations and regions

Development Today

1989-06

international development has complex unintended effects on the realities of equity rights governance and conflict in poor countries yet the myriad moral questions and quandaries encountered at every turn by development policymakers and practitioners are seldom thought about or articulated in a rigorous fashion instead development specialists are trained to focus on the technocratic aspects of economic aid delivery and to disregard the moral issues raised by the adverse collateral consequences of aid programs for many people communities institutions and environments in the developing countries reclaiming value in international development is the first book to bridge the divide between ethics and development from the perspective of a seasoned development practitioner who is also a trained ethicist schwenke formally enlarges the concept of development to include its moral dimension to denote beneficial change that alleviates human misery and environmental degradation in poor countries and reinforces universal ethical norms such as human dignity essential freedoms social justice peace civic virtue human flourishing the common good gender equality safety and security and participation and inclusion she applies this ethically expanded concept to nine key topics in international development education leadership procurement food security conflict urbanization gender identity and sexual orientation deliberative participation and the measurement of ethical performance throughout the book the author draws on her thirty years of experience as a development practitioner in thirty poor countries around the world to give vivid real life illustrations of the classic moral dilemmas in development ethics and to show how moral reasoning can clarify and resolve them

Myths and Realities of Foreign Investment in Poor Countries

2001-03-14

against the backdrop of persistently high levels of poverty and inequality critical environmental boundaries and increasing global economic interdependence this book addresses the role and impact of industrial policies in developing countries accepting the reality of both market failure and policy failure it identifies the conditions under which industrial policy can deliver socially desirable results general conclusions on the political economy of development are

complemented by country case studies covering ethiopia mozambique namibia tunisia and vietnam

Rural Poverty in Developing Countries

2004-01-29

this book fills the gap between social science methodology books and the realities of conducting social research under third world conditions it focuses on social impact assessment methods and cost effective social analyses for development projects and programs in us and third world countries

Poor People's Knowledge

2011

in most developing countries poverty is more widespread and severe in rural than in urban areas the author reviews some important aspects of rural poverty and draws key implications for public policy he presents a policy framework for reducing poverty taking into account the functional differences and overlap between the rural poor several policy options are delineated and explained including stable management of the macroeconomic environment transfer of assets investment in and access to the physical and social infrastructure access to credit and jobs and provision of safety nets finally some guideposts are identified for assessing strategies to reduce rural poverty

Social Policy in Developing Countries

1995

case studies of the links between highlands and lowlands in latin america of transmigration in indonesia and of migration and desertification in the sudan illustrate the relationship between poverty internal migration and environmental change in rural areas of developing countries

Housing the Urban Poor

2002

over the past decade there have been an increasing number of publications that have analysed and critiqued the potential of tourism to be a mechanism for poverty reduction in less economically developed countries ledcs this book showcases work by established and emerging researchers that provides new thinking and tests previously made assumptions providing an essential guide for students practitioners and academics this book advances our understanding of the changes and ways forward in the field of sustainable tourism development five main

systems in southern countries the contributing authors provide a comprehensive analysis of the huge barriers that have yet to be overcome in order to attain free access to care and offer innovative suggestions of how they might be confronted in doing this the book renews our understanding of the political economy of HIV/AIDS in these vast regions where the disease continues to spread with devastating social and economic consequences this volume will be a valuable addition to the current literature on HIV/AIDS in developing countries and will find widespread appeal amongst students and academics studying economics sociology and public health it will also be of interest to international organizations and professional associations involved in the fight against pandemics

Well-being

2008-12-30

the textbook experience of poverty can be witnessed in a number of developing countries in sub-Saharan Africa South East Asia and Latin America accordingly foreign direct investment (FDI) has been identified as an important tool for poverty reduction as it is noted to accelerate economic growth and employment in a nation and is currently an essential issue for countries such as Uganda this book finds that Ragnar Sorenson's 1953 vicious circle of poverty remains undisputed even today showing that attracting FDI is not the end but that a nation's absorption capacity is equally paramount the implications of the FDI frog-leap theory for developing countries and the community capital absorption capacity development (CCACD) framework provide plausible poverty reduction approaches in the 21st century without such measures bringing an end to poverty is likely to elude governments and multinational corporations in developing countries

Reclaiming Value in International Development

2015-09-25

there are many problems regarding poverty inequality and growth in developing countries in Asia and Africa policy makers at the national level and at international institutions such as the United Nations World Bank International Monetary Fund and others have implemented various policies in order to decrease poverty and inequality this book provides empirical observations on Asian countries and Africa each chapter provides theoretical and empirical analysis on regional case studies with an emphasis on policy implications the book will be of use to many who wish to assess and improve policies in developing countries and mitigate poverty and inequality and stimulate growth by drawing on relevant empirical research and economic theories clearly there have been numerous policy failures and the book aims to provide a basis for improving policies and outcomes based on relevant empirical observations

Industrial Policy in Developing Countries

2019-04-05

this report revisits the theoretical concepts of inequalities including their measurements analyzes their global trends presents the policy makers perception of inequalities in 15 countries and identifies various policy options in combating this major development challenge of our time the report makes the basic point that in spite of the impressive progress humanity has made on many fronts over the decades it still remains deeply divided in that context it is intended to help development actors citizens and policy makers contribute to global dialogues and initiate conversations in their own countries about the drivers and extent of inequalities their impact and the ways in which they can be curbed

Methods For Social Analysis In Developing Countries

2000-04-01

conference report comprising a comparison of the economic growth gap between developed countries and developing countries covers historical aspects and economic implications of underdevelopment and considers the effects of capital flow foreign investment development aid multinational enterprise international cooperation trade promotion technology transfer labour mobility the brain drain etc references and statistical tables conference held in bled 1970 aug 27 to september 2

Rural Poverty in Developing Countries

1992

robert lucas is known among economists as one of the most influential macroeconomists of recent times a reputation founded in no small part on the critical thinking skills displayed in his seminal 1990 paper why doesn't capital flow from rich to poor countries lucas's paper tackles a puzzle in economic theory that has since come to be known as the lucas paradox and it deploys the author's brilliant problem solving skills to explain why such an apparent paradox in fact makes sense classical economic theory makes a simple prediction of how capital flows between countries it should it states flow from rich to poor countries because of the law of diminishing returns on capital since poor countries have so little capital invested in them the returns on new investment should be proportionally far better than investment in rich countries this should mean that investors seeking new opportunities will invest in poorer countries making capital consistently flow from rich nations to poorer ones but problematically this is not in fact the case having defined the problem lucas did what any good problem solver would he looked critically at the criteria involved and offered a series of possible solutions indeed in just six pages he puts forward four hypotheses to explain the paradox's existence the popularity of his paper and the influence it has had are also greatly magnified by careful reasoning embodied in lucas's marshalling of evidence and his explanations of the judgements he has made provided by publisher

Rural Poverty, Migration, and the Environment in Developing Countries

2017-10-02

this book is about corporate citizenship in developing countries paying special attention to the new partnerships between companies development agencies and or civil society organisations the book will deal with some of the following issues analyse the background for discussing corporate citizenship in developing countries describe some of the development issues facing companies trying to be good corporate citizens present the background and content of the new partnerships between companies development agencies and civil society organisations and discuss the potentials and pitfalls of these cooperative approaches the book is written by scholars and practitioners with comprehensive knowledge of corporate citizenship corporate social responsibility private sector development etc book jacket

Tourism and Poverty Reduction

2017-11

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1992

Gender and Migration in Developing Countries

2020-03-26

The Macroeconomics of Developing Countries

2008-01-01

The Political Economy of HIV/AIDS in Developing Countries

2019-10-15

Foreign Direct Investment as a Tool for Poverty Reduction in Developing Countries

2015-06-05

Poverty, Inequality and Growth in Developing Countries

2013

Humanity Divided

1974

Redistribution with Growth

1972

The Gap Between Rich and Poor Nations

2017

Why Doesn't Capital Flow from Rich to Poor Countries?

2002

Population and Health in Developing Countries

2006

Corporate Citizenship in Developing Countries

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