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The Power of Everyday Politics The Power of Everyday Politics Before the Revolution The Peasants of North Vietnam Vietnam: Peasant Land, Peasant Revolution Vietnamese Peasants Under French Domination, 1861-1945 Before the Revolution The Vietnamese Peasant The Rational Peasant Peasants on the Move Millenarianism and Peasant Politics in Vietnam Notes on the South Vietnamese Peasant of the Mekong Delta Vietnam's Southern Revolution Peasant Revolts and Historical Consciousness in Vietnam Urban Harvest Land Reform in China and North Vietnam Land Reform in North Vietnam The Vietnamese and Their Revolution Cultural Change in Rural Vietnam Whose Land is it Anyway? Journey Among Heroes 'Primitives' to 'peasants'? : the 'sedentarisation of the Nomads' in Vietnam Vietnam My Great Escape and Successful Stories Notes on the Cultural Life of the Democratic Republic of Vietnam Peasant Resistance to Collective Agriculture in Vietnam Community and Revolution in Modern Vietnam A Complete Account of the Peasants' Uprising in the Central Region Vietnamese Communism In Comparative Perspective The Case Against French Colonization (Translation) The Dynamics of Genocide Land Reform in Vietnam: The Viet Cong Before the Revolution Rice and Revolution Vietnam North VIETNAM My Great Escape The Agrarian Question in North Vietnam, 1974-1979 Routledge Handbook of Contemporary Vietnam After Sorrow Peasants and Globalization Vietnamese Tradition on Trial, 1920-1945

The Power of Everyday Politics

2018-07-05

ordinary people's everyday political behavior can have a huge impact on national policy that is the central conclusion of this book on vietnam in telling the story of collectivized agriculture in that country benedict j tria kerkvliet uncovers a history of local resistance to national policy and gives a voice to the villagers who effected change not through open opposition but through their everyday political behavior villagers individually and in small unorganized groups undermined collective farming and frustrated authorities efforts to correct the problems the power of everyday politics is an authoritative account based on extensive research in vietnam's national archives and in the red river delta countryside of the formation of collective farms in northern vietnam in the late 1950s their enlargement during wartime in the 1960s and 1970s and their collapse in the 1980s as kerkvliet shows the vietnamese government eventually terminated the system but not for ideological reasons rather collectivization had become hopelessly compromised and was ultimately destroyed largely by the activities of villagers decollectivization began locally among villagers themselves national policy merely followed the power of everyday politics is not unique to vietnam kerkvliet asserts he advances a theory explaining how everyday activities that do not conform to the behavior required by authorities may carry considerable political weight

The Power of Everyday Politics

2005

a political history and ethnography of local resistance to vietnam's national policy of collectivized farms

tracing their formation in the 1950s enlargement during wartime in the 1960s and 1970s and eventual collapse in the 1980s based on more than a decade of research in the red river delta and vietnam s national archives this book gives voice to the villagers who effected change and advances a theory of how everyday activities that do not conform to the behaviour required by authorities may carry considerable weight in shaping and even changing the direction of national policy

Before the Revolution

1974

english translation of the french language documentary entitled les paysans du north vietnam et la guerre on rural workers attitude towards warfare in north viet nam and the sociological aspects and economic implications thereof covers the traditional rural area social structure problems of education health services incl for child care the role of rural women rural cooperatives local level public administration etc statistical tables

The Peasants of North Vietnam

1969

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Vietnam: Peasant Land, Peasant Revolution

1988-06-18

during the french colonial period 1900 1945 vietnamese peasants wrote vigorously about the effects of french policies on their living conditions the vast majority of their writings were censored or contradicted by the published works of french and vietnamese officials and none is currently in print ngo vinh long presents a realistic portrait of the vietnamese determination and resiliency that brought down both the french and the american regimes he describes the effects of french land policy on the peasants and the resulting problems in tenant farming and sharecropping as well as peasant reaction to taxes tax collections usury government agrarian credit programs commerce and industry he also translates previously unavailable texts that detail the emotions of the vietnamese people with regard to the french occupation for the morningside edition dr long has written a new preface in which he describes new scholarship and changes during the last fifteen years

Vietnamese Peasants Under French Domination, 1861-1945

1985

popkin develops a model of rational peasant behavior and shows how village procedures result from the self interested interactions of peasants this political economy view of peasant behavior stands in contrast to the model of a distinctive peasant moral economy in which the village community is primarily responsible for ensuring the welfare of its members

Before the Revolution

1991

almost all developing countries are plagued by the problem of peasants crowding into cities in search of a better life for scholars of and visitors to vietnam it is increasingly clear that the problem has also arrived in this recently freed socialist economy is it going to get worse before it gets better what is the official response to the social disruptions and friction it causes this is a study completed at the end of 1993 is one of a few early surveys of this urban drift and provides empirical data on the spontaneous migration to hanoi from its rural environs it also draws on a vast corpus of journalistic and academic literature in vietnamese as well as government documents and decrees the final work provides a picture of the migration pattern the lifestyle of migrants in the city the institutional changes that have been energized by this movement and its many political and socioeconomic implications

The Vietnamese Peasant

1965

the author uses released and interviews with viet cong defectors and prisoners of war and past work involving the province of m tho to create a more up to date social framework for the vietnam war at the village level

The Rational Peasant

2023-11-10

this first book to consider land reform in both countries show that reform as the communists have conducted it can be justified in china and north vietnam for both economic reasons and ideological imperatives moise argues that the violence associated with land reform was as much a function of the social inequities that preceded reform as it was of the reform policy itself and explains the difficulties the communist leaders encountered in developing a successful program originally published in 1983 a unc press enduring edition unc press enduring editions use the latest in digital technology to make available again books from our distinguished backlist that were previously out of print these editions are published unaltered from the original and are presented in affordable paperback formats bringing readers both historical and cultural value

Peasants on the Move

1996

mesmerized by photographs of old women in a quiet room in a hanoi museum in vietnam author bob greer spent a year traveling around the region researching the thirty year vietnam war in journey among heroes he presents a view of that war through the eyes of a tourist traveling by ancient motorcycle bus speedboat train aircraft and car greer enjoyed a privileged view of what really happened in vietnam he offers a glimpse of the wars human aspect through interviews of eleven of vietnams hero mothers a designation bestowed on more than 44 000 of the countrys mothers who lost more than two family members while fighting the war greer tells of the great courage and an amazing female fighting tradition that possibly tipped the scales in favor of the

eventual victors and he tells of losses unimaginable to westerners journey among heroes communicates how vietnam experienced a harrowing era and why it is now time to lend a helping hand

Millenarianism and Peasant Politics in Vietnam

1983

this is the true story from an author who had spent most of her young life during the tumultuous years of the vietnam war whereby millions of innocence vietnamese service members and civilians were tragically killed

Notes on the South Vietnamese Peasant of the Mekong Delta

1964

an account of the 1908 peasants uprising in central vietnam by one of vietnam s best known intellectuals distributed for the center for southeast asian studies university of wisconsin madison

Vietnam's Southern Revolution

2008

this book focuses on how the vietnam communist party adapted to its environment in order to achieve and exercise power and to what degree these adaptations made the vietnamese revolution distinctive

Peasant Revolts and Historical Consciousness in Vietnam

1990

ho chi minh president of vietnam during the vietnam war tells what motivated a nation of illiterate peasants to sacrifice millions of their own people to defeat some of the world s most technologically advanced military machines japanese french and american ho explains what the vietnamese people were angry about in this point by point indictment of colonialism written in 1924 for example ho writes about a mutiny of vietnamese sailors when ordered to take vietnamese infantrymen to fight in syria while also detailing syrian objections to french occupation

Urban Harvest

1994

the history of the united states in the last thirty years its preoccupation with the vietnam war and the devastating affects of that war on the psyche of this nation is evidence of a foreign policy tragedy foreign policy tragedy brings domestic tragedy in its wake the purpose of this study is to work out why the approaches to social revolution and that is what the vietnam war was about have been wrong on both sides of the ideological spectrum the last thirty years in the u s point out why they were wrong point to where they were wrong and point to the consequences of acting in a society when the perceptions are in certain respects wrong let me sum up my perception on what went wrong in vietnam it was a right wing war fought on left wing premises it was a war that could not have been won because those who designed it would not or could not win it but were also afraid of losing it it was a war that was wrongly perceived by both sides of the ideological

spectrum the liberal argument was that america tried everything and still lost it the conservative argument was that it could have been won if the opposition had not tied their hands keeping them from an all out effort that would have been required to win it the war was started in earnest by the liberals under kennedy the strategy was to roll up the enemy by hitting on the peasant and through it cut off the leaders pacification education re education indoctrination and the introduction of self defense techniques to the south vietnamese peasants was meant to stop the revolution exported from the north in its tracks the u s policy was predicated on the assumption that the peasants really had something to do with the ruling functions of the north vietnamese revolution after thermidor that after the onset of thermidor after the institutionalization of the revolution in hanoi the revolution was still revolution the liberal approach has believed that revolution is tantamount to mao s view of it in china peasants all immersed in the revolutionary process as fish in the sea and so you would have to drain the very ocean itself to stop it our approach to the post revolutionary process is that after the onset of thermidor in a society revolution is a bunch of terror informed super bureaucrats at the center of a society increasingly cut off from the periphery in a post revolutionary society it is the leaders that matter not the fish in the sea so bombing the small fish into fish soup hell in response as did the west in vietnam in that war every tree every outhouse every shack and every village until they drop so much ordinance that the entire region is brain dead from defoliants and pockmarks and natural calamities while leaving the center untouched would seem insane yet that was the policy in vietnam of america and then nothing happened nothing happened week after week year after year except that america itself was being driven mad doing the same thing and expecting it to come out different that as the president elect said in 1993 was and is insanity but what choice did they all have the pro war liberal american leadership that designed the war in vietnam did not dare bomb hanoi the capitol of north vietnam for fear of triggering world war iii with red china and with soviet russia both of whose client north vietnam was so they tied their own hands figuring that by coming through the back door fish in the sea style piece by piece nobody will notice in china and russia ergo no world war iii so they took a strategy that was insane and made a virtue out of its necessity they tied their own hand

and then they blamed the opposition for forcing them to fight with their hands tied behind their backs on the other h

Land Reform in China and North Vietnam

2017-03-01

the second world war is often associated with vast military casualties but most do not associate how the war shifted the flow of goods and resources necessary for life killing millions through malnutrition starvation and related disease among the famines of the second world war the great famine of vietnam 1944 1945 remains little known outside of vietnam especially compared to its contemporaries in bengal henan and the soviet union though natural disasters catalyzed the famine the scope of the famine was exacerbated by the brutal french extraction of resources in northern vietnam on the command of the japanese military however the famine seeds were sown long before the disaster with the arrival of the french in the mekong delta and their subsequent colonization of dai viet over half a century of repeated economic exploitation from french colonialism led to the poverty of farmers in the already overpopulated red river delta this inspired years of physical and then intellectual resistance against the french colonial government eventually leading to the rise of communism in french indochina and the rise of ho chi minh when the second world war broke and france fell to the germans in 1940 the new vichy government took control of french indochina they signed rice accords with imperial japan promising up to a million tons of rice and hundreds of thousands of tons of other non staple crops every year this led to five years of intense severe hardship for the peasants of vietnam and all it took were natural disasters in 1944 and 1945 for famine to break out meanwhile the viet minh under the leadership of ho chi minh slowly expanded their network of cadres across vietnam during the war years and gained support from numerous vietnamese peasants eager to end their suffering the relationship between the

viet minh the japanese and the vichy french came to a head among the famine years exploding in 1945 the year of two coups by this time two million people had died in the famine

Land Reform in North Vietnam

1970

subtitled a study of cooperators resistance to state policy examines the system of collectivized agriculture a major component of the social basis for the armed struggle to liberate the south and shows how the policy was successfully resisted by the peasants annotation c book news inc portland or booknews com

The Vietnamese and Their Revolution

1970

the routledge handbook of contemporary vietnam is a comprehensive resource exploring social political economic and cultural aspects of vietnam one of contemporary asia s most dynamic but least understood countries following an introduction that highlights major changes that have unfolded in vietnam over the past three decades the volume is organized into four thematic parts politics and society economy and society social life and institutions cultures in motion part i addresses key aspects of vietnam s politics from the role of the communist party of vietnam in shaping the country s institutional evolution to continuity and change in patterns of socio political organization political expression state repression diplomatic relations and human rights part ii assesses the transformation of vietnam s economy addressing patterns of economic growth investment and trade the role of the state in the economy and other economic aspects of social life parts iii and

iv examine developments across a variety of social and cultural fields through chapters on themes including welfare inequality social policy urbanization the environment and society gender ethnicity the family cuisine art mass media and the politics of remembrance featuring 38 essays by leading vietnam scholars from around the world this book provides a cutting edge analysis of vietnam s transformation and changing engagement with the world it is an invaluable interdisciplinary reference work that will be of interest to students and academics of southeast asian studies as well as policymakers analysts and anyone wishing to learn more about contemporary vietnam

Cultural Change in Rural Vietnam

1973

after sorrow spans an american woman s twenty five years of experience in viet nam it is the story of the ordinary vietnamese whom americans fought against but never had the chance to know lady borton has come to know these people intimately from her work there first in a quaker service rehabilitation center for civilian amputees in south viet nam 1969 71 and up to the present after sorrow centers on the last eight years during which lady made repeated visits to three villages one a former viet cong base in the mekong delta of southern viet nam another a rice farming commune in the red river delta of northern viet nam and the third ha noi which vietnamese call their largest village in this deeply moving memoir lady s women friends recall their own roles in the struggles that climaxed in the american war these are war stories of a kind we have not heard before women s stories of courage guile patience and fate of climbing mountains and hiding in rivers and capturing prisoners of carrying rifles beneath vats of fish sauce in canoes of mourning husbands of thousands missing in lady borton s previous book sensing the enemy she wrote about the boat people who left viet nam after sorrow is the strong and uplifting story of the people who stayed

Whose Land is it Anyway?

1993

in 2007 for the first time in human history a majority of the world's population lived in cities however on a global scale poverty overwhelmingly retains a rural face this book assembles an unparalleled group of internationally eminent scholars in the field of rural development and social change in order to explore historical and contemporary processes of agrarian change and transformation and their consequent impact upon the livelihoods poverty and well being of those who live in the countryside the book provides a critical analysis of the extent to which rural development trajectories have in the past and are now promoting a change in rural production processes the accumulation of rural resources and shifts in rural politics and the implications of such trajectories for peasant livelihoods and rural workers in an era of globalization peasants and globalization thus explores continuity and change in the debate on the agrarian question from its early formulation in the late 19th century to the continuing relevance it has in our times including chapters from terence byres amiya bagchi ellen wood farshad araghi henry bernstein saturnino m borras ray kiely michael watts and philip mcmichael collectively the contributors argue that neoliberal social and economic policies have in deepening the market imperative governing the contemporary world food system not only failed to tackle to underlying causes of rural poverty but have indeed deepened the agrarian crisis currently confronting the livelihoods of peasant farmers and rural workers this crisis does not go unchallenged as rural social movements have emerged for the first time on a transnational scale confronting development policies that are unable to reduce let alone eliminate rural poverty transnational rural social movements are attempting to construct a more just future for the world's farmers and rural workers

Journey Among Heroes

2011-10-12

the colonial setting morality instruction ethics and politics language and literacy the questions of women perceptions of the past harmony and struggle knowledge power learning from experience conclusion

'Primitives' to 'peasants'? : the 'sedentarisation of the Nomads' in Vietnam

1985

Vietnam My Great Escape and Successful Stories

2014

Notes on the Cultural Life of the Democratic Republic of Vietnam

1970

Peasant Resistance to Collective Agriculture in Vietnam

1996

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1976

A Complete Account of the Peasants' Uprising in the Central Region

1983-06

Vietnamese Communism In Comparative Perspective

2019-09-18

The Case Against French Colonization (Translation)

2017-01-13

The Dynamics of Genocide

2006

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1968

Before the Revolution

1974

Rice and Revolution

2021-11-05

Vietnam North

1966

VIETNAM My Great Escape

2014-08-06

The Agrarian Question in North Vietnam, 1974-1979

1989

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2022-07-29

After Sorrow

1995

Peasants and Globalization

2012-08-21

Vietnamese Tradition on Trial, 1920-1945

1981

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